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**Bachelor of Computer Application (Part – II) (Semester – IV) (New)
Examination, 2011
Paper – 402 : RDBMS WITH ORACLE**

Day and Date: Friday, 8-4-2011

Total Marks: 80

Time: 3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.

- Instructions :** 1) Attempt any five questions.
2) Each questions carry equal marks.
3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. a) Define database. Give the different task of database management system. 8
b) List and explain the features of oracle. 8
2. a) Discuss in detail responsibilities of DBA. 8
b) Explain the various data constraints in oracle. 8
3. Explain the various types of databases with the help of suitable diagram. 16
4. Explain the following statement with an appropriate example 16
i) DDL ii) DCL
5. a) Explain the various data types used in SQL. 8
b) List and explain the pattern matching operators in SQL. 8
6. Write a PL./SQL procedure to accept accno, name, tran-code, opbal, tran-amt, date and update the balance depend up on the transaction code 'W' for withdraw and 'D' for deposit. 16
7. What is cursor ? Explain implicit cursor with an appropriate example. 16
8. Write short note on any two : 8+8
a) Join command
b) Primary key
c) Normalization.

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B.C.A. (Part - II) (Semester - IV) Examination - 2013
RDBMS WITH ORACLE (Paper - 402)

Sub. Code : 47719

Day and Date : Monday 22-4-2013

Total Marks : 80

Time : 3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.

- Instructions :**
- i) Attempt any five questions.**
 - ii) Each questions carry equal marks.**
 - iii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

- Q1) a) Differentiate between DBMS and RDBMS (8)**
b) Give in detail architecture of oracle with the help of diagram. (8)
- Q2) a) Discuss in detail responsibilities of DBA (8)**
b) Explain the various data constraints in oracle. (8)
- Q3) What is normalization? Discuss the various forms of normalization (16)**
- Q4) a) What is oracle function? Explain the various function of oracle (8)**
b) What is foreign key? Give the importance of foreign key (8)
- Q5) a) Explain**
i) Insert and
ii) Select command (8)
b) List and explain the pattern matching operators in SQL (8)
- Q6) Write a PL/SQL procedure to accept digit and count and print the number of occurrences of the digit in number (16)**
- Q7) Define trigger? Explain the various types of trigger with suitable example (16)**
- Q8) Write short note on any TWO (08+08)**
a) Cursor
b) Index
c) % rowtype



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B.C.A. (Part - II) (Semester - IV) Examination, April - 2014
RDBMS with Oracle (Paper - 402)

Sub. Code : 47719

Total Marks : 80

Day and Date : Monday, 28 - 04 - 2014

Time : 3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.

- Instructions :**
- 1) Attempt any five questions.
 - 2) Each question carries equal marks.
 - 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q1)** a) Define RDBMS. Give the features of RDBMS. [8]
 b) List and explain the component of Oracle. [8]
- Q2)** a) Define DBA? Give the role of DBA. [8]
 b) Explain : [8]
 i) Primary key ii) Foreign Key
- Q3)** List and explain the all 12 cods rule with an appropriate example. [16]
- Q4)** List and explain the various function of oracle with the help of suitable example. [16]
- Q5)** a) Give in detail syntax and examples of group by clause. [8]
 b) Explain : [8]
 i) group by clause ii) date functions

Q6) Write a procedure to print the first 20 prime numbers along with their sum and average. [16]

Q7) What is cursor? Explain the explicit cursor with the help of example. [16]

Q8) Write short note on any TWO : [8 + 8 = 16]

- a) Join.
- b) Database trigger.
- c) Data types.

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B.C.A. (Part - III) (Semester - V) (New) Examination, October - 2015
RDBMS WITH ORACLE (Paper - 504)
Sub. Code : 66418

Day and Date : Monday, 26 - 10 - 2015

Total Marks : 80

Time : 03.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.

- Instructions:
- 1) Q.No. 8 is compulsory.
 - 2) Solve any four questions from Q.No. 1 to Q.No. 7.
 - 3) All questions carry 16 marks.

Q1) Write syntax and explain DDL statements with example. [16]

Q2) a) Explain select statement with group by and order by clause. [8]

b) Explain for and while loop used in PL-SQL with example. [8]

Q3) What is join? Explain its types with example. [16]

Q4) a) Explain Codd's rules. [8]

b) Explain PL-SQL block structure. [8]

Q5) a) How to create explicit cursors? Give its example. [8]

b) What is normalization? Explain its types with example. [8]

Q6) a) Explain various data types used in SQL. [8]

b) Write syntax and explain TCL statements. [8]

Q7) Explain arithmetic, relational and logical operators used in SQL.

[16]

Q8) Write short notes on (Any Four)

[16]

- a) Relational model.
- b) Conversion functions used in SQL.
- c) Views.
- d) Difference between DBMS and RDBMS.
- e) Types of triggers.



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B.C.A.(Part -III) (Semester -V)**Examination, November - 2016****RDBMS WITH ORACLE****Sub. Code: 66418****Day and Date : Friday, 11 - 11 - 2016****Total Marks :80****Time :2.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.**

- Instructions :**
- 1) Attempt any five questions.
 - 2) Figures to right indicate full marks.

Q1) What do you mean by RDBMS? Explain the features of RDBMS over DBMS in detail. [16]

Q2) What is normalization? Explain 1NF, 2NF and 3NF with suitable example. [16]

Q3) What is a data language? Explain DDL, DML and DCL Commands with example. [16]

Q4) What is PL/SQL Block? Write a PL/SQL block to display sum of first 100 odd numbers. [16]

Q5) What is SQL join? Explain various types of joins with example. [16]

Q6) Explain following: [16]

- | | |
|----------------|-----------|
| a) ROLLBACK | b) View |
| c) Primary Key | d) COMMIT |

Q7) What is cursor? Explain procedure to create explicit cursor with example. [16]

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[16]

Q8) Write short note on (any Two):

- a) functional dependencies
- b) Codd's Rules
- c) Triggers

Total Marks: 80



Day and Date: Friday, 11 - 11 - 2016
Time: 2.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.

Instructions: 1) Attempt any five questions.
2) Figures to right indicate full marks.

- Q1) What do you mean by RDBMS? Explain the features of RDBMS over DBMS in detail. [16]
- Q2) What is normalization? Explain 1NF, 2NF and 3NF with suitable example. [16]
- Q3) What is a data language? Explain DDL, DML and DCL Commands with example. [16]
- Q4) What is PL/SQL Block? Write a PL/SQL block to display sum of first 100 odd numbers. [16]
- Q5) What is SQL join? Explain various types of joins with example. [16]
- Q6) Explain following:
 a) ROLLBACK
 c) Primary Key
 b) View
 d) COMMIT [16]
- Q7) What is cursor? Explain procedure to create explicit cursor with example. [16]

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B.C.A. (Faculty of Commerce) (Part - III) (Semester - V) (Revised)
Examination, April - 2017

RDBMS WITH ORACLE (Paper - 504)

Sub. Code :66418

Day and Date : Tuesday, 18-04-2017

Time : 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 80

- Instructions :**
- 1) All questions carry equal marks.
 - 2) Attempt any FIVE Questions.
 - 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q1) What is cursor? Explain implicit and explicit cursor with suitable example. [16]**
- Q2) a) What is RDBMS? Explain features of RDBMS. [8]**
b) Explain different SQL functions with suitable example. [8]
- Q3) Classify different SQL commands with suitable example in detail. [16]**
- Q4) a) Explain different iterative control statements of PL/SQL with example. [8]**
b) What is view? Write the advantages of view. [8]
- Q5) What is Normalization? Explain types of normalization with suitable examples. [16]**
- Q6) a) Explain different sub queries with example. [8]**
b) Explain following terminologies [8]
i) Relation
ii) Tuple
iii) Cardinality
iv) Attribute

P.T.O.

Q7) Describe PL/SQL block structure? Write a PL/SQL block to accept number and print in reverse order. [16]

Q8) Write short note on (Any two): [16]

- a) Functional dependencies.
- b) Integrity Constraints.
- c) Correlated queries.

Instructions :
 1) All questions carry equal marks.
 2) Attempt any FIVE Questions.
 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.



Q1) What is cursor? Explain implicit and explicit cursor with suitable example [16]

Q2) a) What is RDBMS? Explain features of RDBMS. [8]

b) Explain different SQL functions with suitable example. [8]

Q3) Classify different SQL commands with suitable example in detail. [16]

Q4) a) Explain different iterative control statements of PL/SQL with example. [8]

b) What is view? Write the advantages of view. [8]

Q5) What is Normalization? Explain types of normalization with suitable examples. [16]

Q6) a) Explain different sub queries with example. [8]

b) Explain following terminologies [8]

- i) Relation
- ii) Tuple
- iii) Cardinality
- iv) Attribute

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BCA (Part - III) (Semester - V) Examination, October - 2017

RDBMS WITH ORACLE

Sub. Code : 66418

Day and Date : Monday, 23 - 10 - 2017

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 01.30 p.m.

Total Marks : 80

Instructions : 1) Attempt any five questions.

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) a) Explain Difference between DBMS and RDBMS. [8]

b) Explain Following RDBMS terminology with example:- [8]

i) Relation

ii) Tuple

iii) Cardinality

iv) Attribute

Q2) a) Explain the concept of relational model with its advantages and limitations. [8]

b) What is normalization? Explain 1NF, 2NF and 3NF with suitable example. [8]

Q3) What is DML? Explain various options of SELECT command with example. [16]

Q4) a) What is View? Explain procedure to create a view. [8]

b) Explain Codd's rules in detail. [8]

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Q5) What is SQL join? Explain Inner, Outer and Self Join with example. [16]

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Q6) Explain the following:- [16]

- a) Sub queries
- b) Sequences
- c) Responsibilities of DBA
- d) Trigger

Q7) a) Explain structure of PL/SQL block in detail. [8]

b) Write P1/SQL block to calculate simple interest. [8]

Q8) Write Short Note on (Any Two) [16]

- a) Data types in SQL
- b) Indexes in SQL
- c) Types of cursors

